## SUSTAINABILITY - VERIFICATION AUDITS -YOUR QUESTIONS ANSWERED









#### > Introductions to Stephen Burt and to NQA

#### Introduction to NQA's Services for GHG Inventory and PAS 2060

Common questions

Common findings from Verifications

> Top tips

> Any questions?



### **Phased Approach to Net Zero**

PAS 2060

QES

### **GHG Inventory**

#### ISO 14064-1

- Carbon Footprint
- Mitigation Activities



#### **Carbon Neutrality**

**Carbon Footprint** 

Carbon Offsetting

**Continual Reduction** 

### Net Zero

#### SERVICE nqa. CARBON NEUTRAL PAS 2060

#### **Government Targets**

- An evolving approach
- Best prepare for future ambitions and targets











#### What is GHG Inventory?

- 'GHG Inventory' is an NQA service which is assessed against ISO 14064-1
- ISO 14064-1 is the 'Specification with guidance at the organization level for quantification and reporting of greenhouse gas emissions and removals'
- Clients requesting 'carbon footprint verification' or 'GHG Protocol' verification will be looking for this assessment
- ISO 14064 is a series of standards (14064-2 is project level and 14064-3 is guidance on verification)



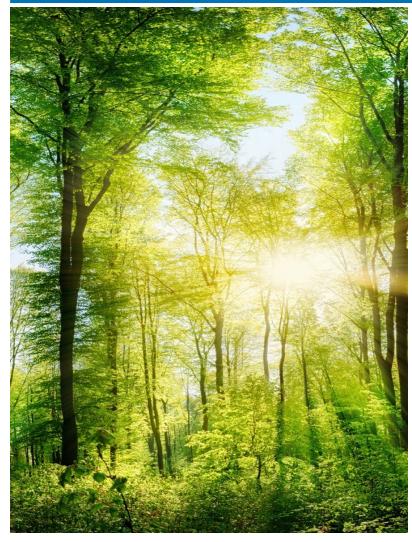
## **PAS 2060: Carbon Neutrality**

#### **Specification for the demonstration of carbon neutrality**

- **1.**Calculate carbon footprint
- 2. Continual improvement to reduce
- 3. Offset total amount of carbon emissions
- 4. Document and validate







### **Benefits and Drivers:**

- Competitive Advantage:
  - Stands up to scrutiny and provides reassurance against greenwashing – credibility, robustness & transparency
  - Supply chain pressures such as PPN 06/21 (including the NHS) and wider customer requirements
  - UK Govt Net Zero Strategy
  - Cost savings and efficiencies
  - Climate change mitigation)
- Satisfy statutory requirements for mandatory reporting (ESOS Phase 3 & 4, SECR, CCA, UKETS)
- Voluntarily prepare for potential future legislation see UK Govt Net Zero Strategy
- Risk Mitigation: investors, customers, other stakeholders

# **COMMON QUESTIONS**



## **Typical Questions Encountered**

- 1. Is NQA Accredited to do the Verifications?
- 2. Do I need a consultant?
- 3. Do I need to include all of our emissions, some are difficult to quantify?
- 4. What does the Verification process look like and how long will it take?
- 5. How much detail will NQA go into when Verifying?
- 6. Who will undertake the Verification?
- 7. Do I need to procure offsets prior to the Verification?
- 8. How do I proceed with organising a Verification?

## **COMMON FINDINGS**



## **Typical Findings Raised**

- > The 'Entity' is incorrectly defined (see ISO14064-1 clause 5.1; see PAS2060 clause 3.13 and 5.1)
- The 'Subject' (boundaries / scope) are incorrectly defined (see ISO14064-1 clause 5.2.1; see PAS2060 clause 3.29 and 5.1/2)
- > Justifications around claimed exclusions are unsuitable (see ISO14064-1 clause 5.2.3; see PAS2060 clause 5.2.4e)
- > Conversion factors used are incorrect or inconsistent
- > The principal of precluding underestimation is not consistent (see ISO14064-1 clause 8.3 and C.4.5)
- > The sums don't add up!

# **TOP TIPS**



Be very specific and clear when defining the Entity and Subject

- > Wait until the Verification is complete before procuring offsets
- > Engage with NQA as early in the process as possible
- > Consider engaging a consultant / attending NQA's webinars and introductory courses
- When gathering year 1 data, put systems in place to make subsequent years' data gathering easier – it takes an organisation wide effort

# THANK YOU ANY QUESTIONS?

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